RAMCloud Overview and Update

SEDCL Retreat June, 2013

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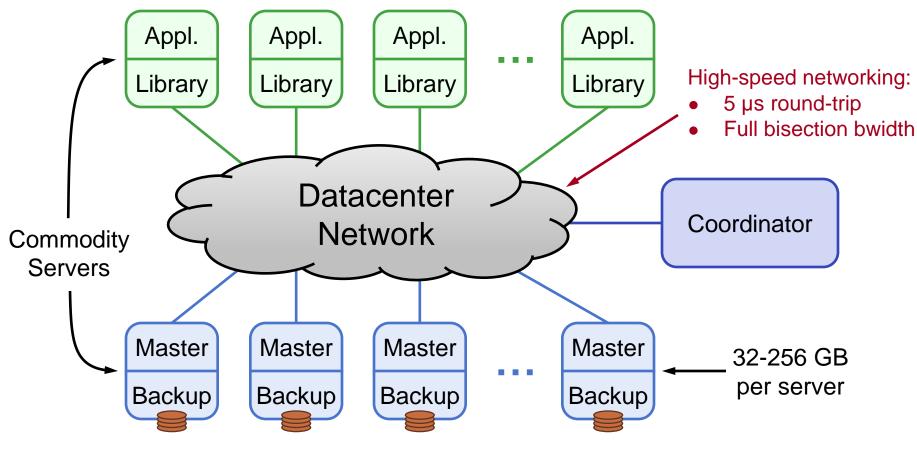
General-purpose storage system for large-scale applications:

- All data is stored in DRAM at all times
- Large scale: 1000+ servers, 100+ TB
- Low latency: 5-10 µs remote access time
- As durable and available as disk
- Simple key-value data model (for now)

Project goal: enable a new class of data-intensive applications

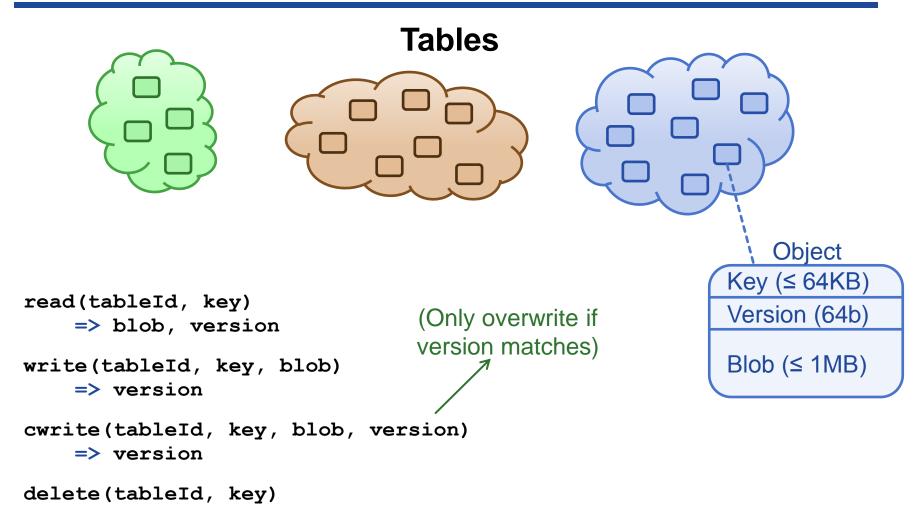
RAMCloud Architecture

1000 – 100,000 Application Servers

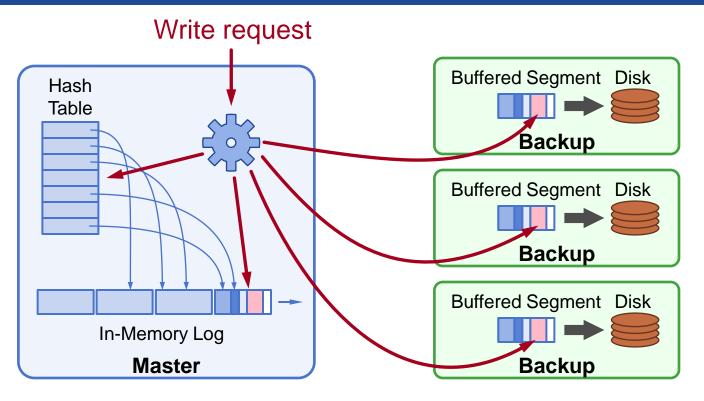


1000 – 10,000 Storage Servers

Data Model: Key-Value Store



Buffered Logging

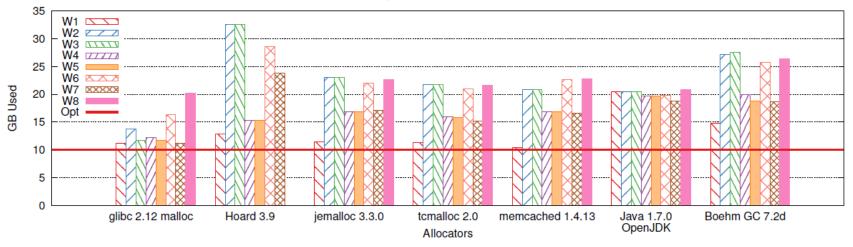


- Log-structured: backup disk and master's memory
- No disk I/O during write requests
- Log cleaning ~ generational garbage collection

Log-Structured Memory

• Don't use malloc for memory management

Wastes 50% of memory



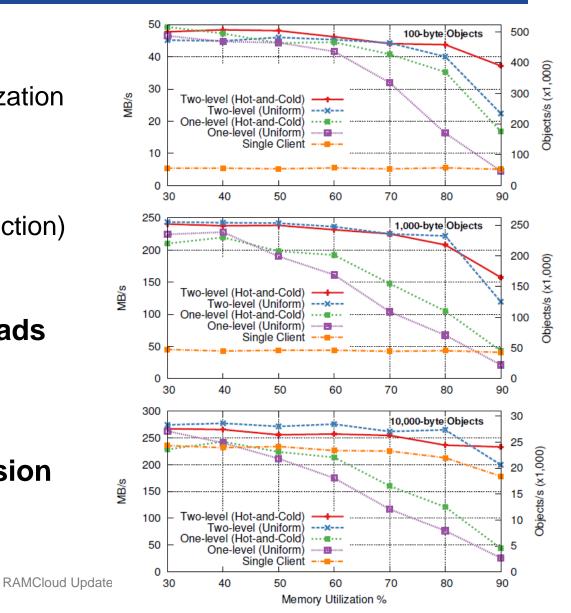
Total Memory Needed to Store 10GB of Live Data

Instead, structured memory as a log

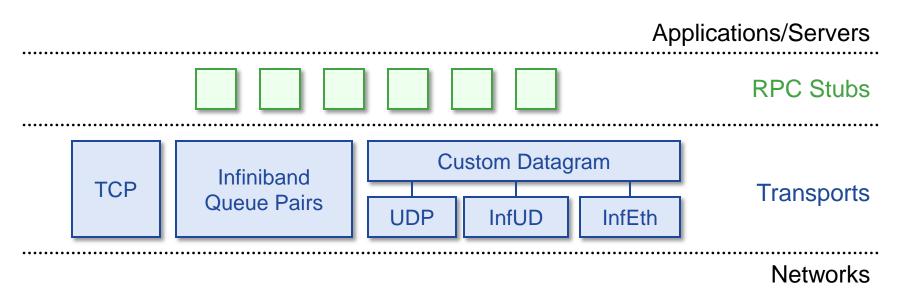
- Allocate by appending
- Log cleaning to reclaim free space
- Control over pointers allows incremental cleaning

Log-Structured Memory, cont'd

- Creates tradeoff:
 - Performance vs. utilization
- Two-level cleaner:
 - Disk and memory
 - Memory only (compaction)
- Concurrent cleaning
- Multiple cleaner threads
- 80-90% memory utilization feasible
- Paper under submission



RAMCloud RPC

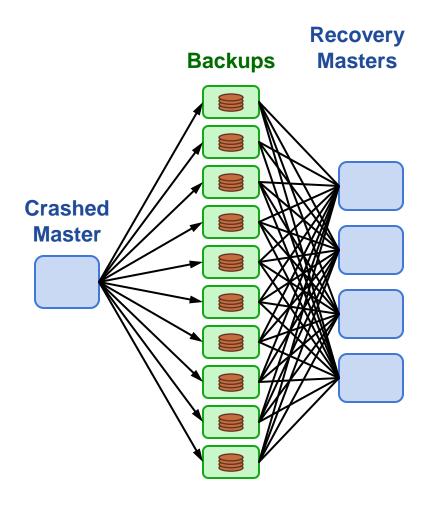


- Transport layer enables experimentation with different networking protocols/technologies
- Basic Infiniband performance (one switch):
 - 100-byte reads: 4.9 μs
 - 100-byte writes (3x replication):
 - Read throughput (100 bytes, 1 server): 700 Kops/sec

15.3 µs

RAMCloud Crash Recovery

- Each master scatters segment replicas across entire cluster
- On crash:
 - Coordinator partitions dead master's tablets.
 - Partitions assigned to different recovery masters
 - Log data shuffled from backups to recovery masters
 - Recovery masters replay log entries
- Total recovery time: 1-2s



Status at June 2012 Retreat

• Major system components (barely) working:

- RPC transports (timeout mechanism new)
- Basic key-value store (variable-length keys new)
- Log-structured memory management (log cleaner new)
- Crash recovery (backup recovery new)
- Coordinator overhaul just starting

• Overall project goal: push towards a 1.0 release

"Least usable system" for real applications

Current Status

• Core system becoming stable

Not quite at 1.0, but close!

• First PhDs coming soon:

- Ryan Stutsman: crash recovery
- Steve Rumble: log-structured memory

• Many research opportunities still left

• About to start new projects:

- Higher-level data model
- New RPC mechanism
- Cluster management

Progress Towards RAMCloud 1.0

• Fault-tolerant coordinator (Ankita Kejriwal):

- Server and tablet configuration info now durable
- LogCabin configuration manager (Diego Ongaro)
- Additional recovery mechanisms (Ryan Stutsman):
 - Simultaneous server failures
 - Cold start
 - Overhaul of backup storage management
 - RPC retry (John Ousterhout)
- Overhaul of cluster membership management (Stephen Yang)
 - More robust
 - Better performance

Progress Towards 1.0, cont'd

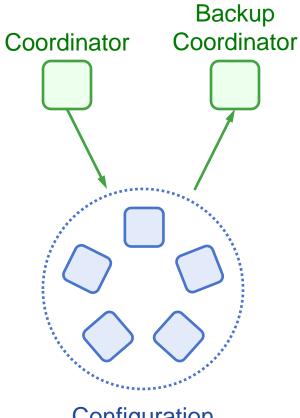
- New in-memory log architecture (Steve Rumble)
- Automated crash tester (Arjun Gopalan):
 - Synthetic workload with consistency checks
 - Force servers to crash randomly
 - Multiple simultaneous failures, coordinator failures
- Goal: run crash tester for a few weeks with no loss of data

• Current status:

- Can survive some coordinator and master failures
- Others causing crashes
- Working through bugs

Configuration Management

- External system for durable storage of top-level configuration information:
 - Cluster membership
 - Tablet configuration
- Typically consensus-based:
 - Chubby (Google)
 - ZooKeeper (Yahoo/Apache)
- Unhappy with ZooKeeper, so decided to build our own (Diego Ongaro):
 - Development started before last year's retreat
 - Initial plan: use Paxos protocol



Configuration Management Servers

New Consensus Algorithm: Raft

• Paxos is "industry standard", but:

- Very hard to understand
- Not a good starting point for real implementations

• Our new algorithm: Raft

- Primary design goal: understandability
- Also must be practical and complete
- Result: new approach to consensus
 - Design for replicated log from start
 - Strong leader
- User study shows that Raft is significantly easier to understand than Paxos (stay tuned ...)
- Paper under submission

API for Consensus

• Key-value store (Chubby, ZooKeeper)?

- Applications really want a log?
- Why build a log on a key-value-store on a log?

• Collection of logs (LogCabin)?

- First approach for RAMCloud, based on Raft
- Used in current coordinator implementation
- However, log turned out not to be convenient after all
- TreeHouse: key-value store on Raft?
- Export API for replicated state machine?

?API? Replicated State Machine Replicated

Log

New Work: Data Model

- Goal: higher-level data model than just key-value store:
 - Secondary indexes?
 - Transactions spanning multiple objects and servers?
 - Graph-processing primitives (sets)?

Can RAMCloud support these without sacrificing

- Latency
- Scalability
- Design work just getting underway (Ankita Kejriwal)

New Work: Datacenter RPC

Complete redesign of RAMCloud RPC

- General purpose (not just RAMCloud)
- Latency:
 - Even lower latency?
 - Explore alternative threading strategies
- Scale:
 - Support 1M clients/server (minimal state/connection)

• Network protocol/API:

- Optimize for kernel bypass
- Minimize buffering
- Congestion control: reservation based?

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- New RPC mechanism
- Cluster management